Exercise 5. Deadline: 6 April 2009.

COURSE OF C++ PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE

<u>VECTORS</u>

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Exercise

This is a definition of the class Vector:

```
class Vector
public:
    const int size;
private:
    double *array;
public:
    Vector (int s=1, const double *a=0);
    Vector (const Vector &v);
    ~Vector ();
public:
    double & value (int i);
    double value (int i) const;
public:
    void add (const Vector &v);
    void sub (const Vector &v);
    void mult (double c);
    double mult (const Vector &v) const;
};
```

Implement all methods and constructors of the class.

Note the different between value (int) and value (int) const. The first method should be applied to the ordinary objects, and the second one to the constatnt objects.

The methods add (const Vector &), sub (const Vector &) (addition and subtraction another Vector) and mult (double) (multiplication by a constant) are modifying current object. The constant method mult (const Vector &) const should calculate a scalar product.

Apart from this class, write a short program which will test objects of the class Vector for ordinary and constatnt cases.

Suggestion

Partition your code into the header and source files. Place the class Vector into namespace MyCalculations.